

# The `bibexport.sh` script

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## Abstract

`bibexport.sh` is a small shell script, relying on Bib<sub>TEX</sub>, that extracts entries of one or several `.bib` file(s). It will expand abbreviations and cross-references, except standard month and journal abbreviations. The output is indented as neatly as possible, yielding a readable `.bib` file even if the original file is not.

## 1 Exporting `.bib` files

### 1.1 Why and how?

Bib<sub>TEX</sub> aims at allowing for the use of one single `.bib` file, containing many entries, from which Bib<sub>TEX</sub> extracts only the `\cited` ones. When sending a document to someone else, this requires either sending the whole file, or extracting the `\cited` entries from the `.bib` file.

Bib<sub>TEX</sub> also has a mechanism for using abbreviations and cross-references. When extracting entries of a large `.bib` file, it can be interesting to develop those abbreviations, in order to get a clean, self-contained `.bib` file. Also, it may be useful to develop cross-references in a `.bib` file, independently of any document.

`bibexport` can either extract entries that are cited in a document, or all the entries of one or several `.bib` files. It will always develop cross-references and abbreviations, except standard abbreviations for months or some journals, that are defined in standard Bib<sub>TEX</sub> styles. This script uses Bib<sub>TEX</sub>. This has both pros and cons:

- + it is very simple. Basicly, the script simply calls Bib<sub>TEX</sub>, and the `.bst` file just outputs the name and the content of each field.
- + since it uses Bib<sub>TEX</sub>, we are sure that it will handle everything "properly", *i.e.* in the same way as they will be handled when cited in a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document;
- = Bib<sub>TEX</sub> has some strict limitations (especially "no more than 78 consecutive non-space characters") that we must be aware of. On the other hand, any such problem occuring within the script would also occur when compiling a document;

- abbreviations and cross-references will *always* be developed. It could be argued that this is also a positive point, but having the choice would be better.
- Many people seem to find BibTeX’s internal language clumsy, and thus the script could be difficult to adapt to special needs. However, this is not *that* difficult, as will be explained later on. In the present case, adding more fields to be exported is quite easy.

## 1.2 Related scripts

Several other tools exist for achieving this task:

- **aux2bib**, written by Ralf Treinen, relies on **bib2bib**, which is a CAML program for selecting some entries in one or several **.bib** files. It does not expand anything, but includes all the necessary definitions and entries.
- **bibextract.sh**, by Nelson Beebe. This script uses AWK for extracting some entries out of a **.bib** file. It is said not to be compliant with cross-references.
- **subset.bst**, by David Kotz. **export.bst** develops the same ideas (but I discovered that only later on). **subset.bst** does not handle **@preamble**, neither does it “protect” standard abbreviations.

## 1.3 Some examples

- extracting **\cited** references of a document, also including cross-references:

```
bibexport.sh -o <result>.bib <file>.aux
```

- extracting **\cited** references of a document, without crossrefs, and using a special **.bst** file:

```
bibexport.sh -b <style>.bst -o <result>.bib <file>.aux
```

- export all the entries of two **.bib** files (including crossrefed entries):

```
bibexport.sh -a -o <result>.bib <file1>.bib <file2>.bib
```

- export all the entries of two **.bib** files (without crossrefs):

```
bibexport.sh -a -n -o <result>.bib <file1>.bib <file2>.bib
```

In fact, the only difference between this and the previous one is that **crossref** field will be filtered out at the end of the script.

- export all the entries of two **.bib** files, using an extra file containing cross-referenced entries (which should not be included):

```
bibexport.sh -a -e <crossref>.bib -n -o <result>.bib \
<file1>.bib <file2>.bib
```

## 1.4 Exporting extra fields

By default, `bibexport.sh` exports only "standard" fields (those defined and used in `plain bst`), as well as a few others. It is very easy to modify it in order to export other fields: it suffices to modify `export bst` as follows:

- in the `ENTRY` list, add the name of the field you would like to export. Notice that `ENTRY` takes three space-separated lists as arguments; you must add extra fields in the first argument (actually, the last two are empty).
- in the function `entry.export.extra`, add a line of the form

```
"myfield" myfield field.export
```

where `myfield` is the name of the extra field you want to export.

## Acknowledgements

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# 2 The code

## 2.1 The shell script

### 2.1.1 Initialization

`checkversion` We check that the `.bst` files have the correct version number:

```
1 <*script>
2 function checkversion()
3 {
4   kpsewhich expcites.bst > /dev/null ||
5   echo "-----
6 --Warning-- file expcites.bst not found.
7 -----"
8   grep -q $VDATE `kpsewhich expkeys.bst` ||
9   echo "-----
10 --Warning-- the version of the .bst files does not match with that of this script.
11 -----"
12 }
13 </script>
```

`usage` We first define how the script should be used:

```
14 <*script>
15 function usage()
16 {
17 echo "bibexport: a tool to extract BibTeX entries out of .bib files.
18 usage: 'basename $0' [-h|v|n|c|a|d|s|t] [-b|e|s|e|c|o|r file] file...
19
```

```

20 Basic options:
21 -----
22 -a, --all           export the entire .bib files
23 -o bib, --output-file bib write output to file      [default: bibexport.bib]
24 -t, --terse          operate silently
25 -h, --help           print this message and exit
26 -v, --version        print version number and exit
27
28 Advanced options:
29 -----
30 -b bst, --bst bst   specifies the .bst style file [default: export.bst]
31 -c, --crossref       preserve crossref field      [default: no]
32 -n, --no-crossref    remove crossref'd entries   [default: no]
33 -e bib, --extra bib  extra .bib file to be used (crossrefs and strings)
34 -es bib, --extras bib extra .bib file to be used (for strings)
35 -ec bib, --extrac bib extra .bib file to be used (for crossrefs)
36 -p, --preamble       write a preamble at beginning of output
37 -r bib, --replace bib replace .bib file(s) in the .aux file
38 -d, --debug          create intermediate files but don't run BibTeX";
39 exit 0;
40 }
41 </script>

```

**opttoolate** We also have a function to warn if extra options are given after the names of input files, which is not allowed.

```

42 <*script>
43 function opttoolate()
44 {
45 if [ ${TOOLATE} -ne 0 ]; then
46     echo "No option is allowed after the input files";
47     exit 0;
48 fi
49 }
50 </script>

```

**VERSION** We define the default value of some variables:

- VDATE • \$VERSION: the version number;
- ALL
- CREF • \$VDATE: the release date;
- DEBUG
- FILE • \$ALL: a flag indicating that all entries of the given (.bib) file are to be exported;
- EXT
- EXTRA • \$CREF: the value of -min-crossrefs;
- EXTRABIB
- REPLACEBIB • \$FILE: the input file(s);
- NEWBIB
- SPACE • \$EXT: the extension (.aux or .bib) of input files;
- BST
- TERSE • \$EXTRA: list of possible extra .bib files without extension;
- BANNER
- ARGS
- TOOLATE

- **\$EXTRABIB**: list of possible extra .bib files with extension;
- **\$REPLACEBIB**: flag indicating that we will replace the .bib file given in the .aux file with a new one;
- **\$NEWBIB**: new .bib file to replace that given in the .aux file;
- **\$SPACE**: file name separator (can be \_, comma or empty);
- **\$BST**: the .bst file to be used;
- **\$TERSE**: run silently;
- **\$BANNER**: don't print the initial comment;
- **\$ARGS**: the list of arguments passed to bibexport.sh;
- **\$TOOLATE**: options are not allowed once we have encountered the first non-option argument.
- **\$DEBUG**: create intermediate files but do not run BibTeX.

```

51 <*script>
52 ## Version number
53 VERSION="3.02";
54 ## Release date
55 VDATE="2016/03/02";
56
57 # ALL is a flag set to 1 when '-a' is given
58 ALL="0";
59 # FILE will be the main input file(s) (.aux or .bib, depending on '-a')
60 FILE="";
61 # EXT is the extension of the input file(s) (.aux, or .bib if '-a')
62 EXT=".aux";
63 # EXTRA and EXTRABIB are two copies of the extra files ('-e'), used to
64 # include crossref'd entries and @string's
65 EXTRA="";
66 EXTRABIB="";
67 # REPLACEBIB ('-r') is set to 1 when the \bibdata of the .aux input file
68 # must be ignored (then '-e' must be used)
69 REPLACEBIB="0";
70 # NEWBIB will contain the argument given to -r
71 NEWBIB="";
72 # BST is the .bst file to be used (default to export.bst)
73 BST="export";
74 # TERSE will be set to '-terse' if '-t' is given
75 TERSE="";
76 # BANNER is used to turn on or off the preamble informations in the output
77 BANNER="false";
78 # CREF is the number of citations of crossrefs from which the crossref'd entry
79 # must be included.
80 CREF="0";

```

```

81
82 # SPACE will be either ' ' or ','
83 SPACE="";
84 # TOOLATE is used to prevent extra options after the main file
85 TOOLATE="0";
86 # DEBUG is used to create files but not run BibTeX.
87 DEBUG="";
88
89 ARGS=$@;
90 </script>
```

### 2.1.2 Handling arguments

If no argument have been supplied, we call `usage`. Otherwise, we check version number.

```

91 <*script>
92 if [ $# -eq 0 ]; then
93   usage;
94 fi
95 checkversion;
96 </script>
```

Otherwise, we enter a `while`-loop for handling the whole list of arguments:

```

97 <*script>
98 while [ $# != 0 ]; do
99   case $1 in
100  </script>
```

- `-a` or `--all`: export all the bibliography. This means that we input `.bib` files.

```

101    <*script>
102      -a|--all)
103        ## - export all entries in the input file(s)
104        ## - the input files are BibTeX files
105        opttoolate;
106        EXT=""; SPACE=""; ALL=1;
107        shift ;;
108    </script>
```

- `-b` or `--bst`: specifies the style file. It seems that BibTeX does not like the `./style.bst` syntax, and we have to handle that case separately.

```

109    <*script>
110      -b|--bst)
111        ## - specifies the .bst file to use (default to 'export.bst')
112        opttoolate;
113        if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
114          DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bst`;
115        else
```

```

116         DOLLARTWO="`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bst`";
117     fi
118     BST="\${DOLLARTWO}";
119     shift 2;;
120   </script>

```

- **-d** or **--debug**: only creates (and preserves) the intermediate files. This can help finding problems with the script or **.bst** files.

```

121   <*script>
122     -d|--debug)
123       ## - debug mode: we create files but do not run bibtex
124       ## - instead, we print what we would have done...
125       opttoolate;
126       DEBUG="echo";
127       shift ;;
128   </script>

```

- **-e** or **--extra**: when we want to export all the entries of a **.bib** file, we can specify an extra **.bib** file that would contain entries that we don't want to export, but that are needed, *e.g.* for crossrefs.

```

129   <*script>
130     -e|--extra)
131       ## - extra input files (containing crossrefs or strings)
132       ## - they will be included twice: once before the main file(s)
133       ## (for @string's), once after (for crossrefs). We fool BibTeX
134       ## by naming the first one 'file.bib' and the second one
135       ## 'file.bib.bib', to avoid complains.
136       opttoolate;
137       if [ `dirname \$2` = "." ]; then
138           DOLLARTWO="`basename \$2 .bib`";
139       else
140           DOLLARTWO="`dirname \$2`/`basename \$2 .bib`";
141       fi
142       EXTRA="\${EXTRA}\${DOLLARTWO},";
143       EXTRABIB="\${EXTRABIB},\${DOLLARTWO}.bib";
144       shift 2;;
145   </script>

```

- **-es** or **--extras**: if, for some reason, including extra files twice is not possible, this options provides a way of including extra **.bib** files only before the main **.bib** file(s).

```

146   <*script>
147     -es|--extras)
148       ## - extra input files (containing strings)
149       ## - will be included *before* the main files (hence not suitable
150       ## for crossrefs)
151       opttoolate;
152       if [ `dirname \$2` = "." ]; then

```

```

153           DOLLARTWO="`basename $2 .bib'";
154     else
155       DOLLARTWO="`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib'";
156   fi
157   EXTRA="${EXTRA}${DOLLARTWO},";
158   shift 2;;
159 </script>

```

- **-ec** or **--extrac**: similar to the previous one, but for file(s) included after the main .bib file(s).

```

160 <*script>
161   -ec|--extrac)
162     ## - extra input files (containing crossrefs)
163     ## - will be included only *after* the main files (hence not
164     ##   suitable for @string's)
165     opttoolate;
166     if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
167       DOLLARTWO="`basename $2 .bib'";
168     else
169       DOLLARTWO="`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib'";
170     fi
171     EXTRABIB="${EXTRABIB},${DOLLARTWO}.bib";
172     shift 2;;
173 </script>

```

- **-o** or **--output**: the name of the output file.

```

174 <*script>
175   -o|--output-file)
176     ## - name of the output file
177     ## - we force it to end with '.bib'
178     opttoolate;
179     if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
180       DOLLARTWO="`basename $2 .bib'";
181     else
182       DOLLARTWO="`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib'";
183     fi
184     OUTPUT="${DOLLARTWO}.bib";
185     shift 2 ;
186 </script>

```

- **-c** or **--crossref** (or others): this option means that we want crossrefs to be included. Note that for any entry, field inheritance will be performed.

```

187 <*script>
188   -c|--crossref|--crossrefs|--with-crossref|--with-crossrefs)
189     ## - whether or not to preserve 'crossref' keys.
190     ## - by default, they are removed, but crossref'd entries are
191     ##   included.
192     ## - crossrefs are *always* expanded anyway.

```

```

193          opttoolate;
194          CREF="1" ;
195          shift ;
196      </script>

• -n or --no-crossref: don't include crossref'ed entries.

197      <*script>
198          -n|--no-crossref|--without-crossref|--no-crossrefs|--without-crossrefs)
199          ## - to remove crossref'd entries (hence remove 'crossref' keys).
200          opttoolate;
201          CREF="20000" ;
202          shift ;
203      </script>

• -r or --replace: this provides a way of replacing the .bib files given by
  \bibdata in the .aux file with (a) new one(s).

204      <*script>
205          -r|--replace)
206          ## - to replace the file(s) given in \bibdata in the .aux file with
207          ## (a) new one(s).
208          opttoolate;
209          REPLACEBIB="1";
210          if [ `dirname $2` = "." ]; then
211              DOLLARTWO=`basename $2 .bib`;
212          else
213              DOLLARTWO=`dirname $2`/`basename $2 .bib`;
214          fi
215          NEWBIB="${NEWBIB}${DOLLARTWO}.bib,";
216          shift 2;;
217      </script>

• -v or --version for version number:

218      <*script>
219          -v|--version)
220          echo "This is bibexport v${VERSION} (released ${VDATE})"; exit 0;;
221      </script>

• -p or --preamble for inserting some informations at the beginning of the
  output file:

222      <*script>
223          -p|--preamble|--with-preamble)
224          BANNER="true";
225          shift ;
226      </script>

• -t or --terse for asking BibTEX to run silently:

227      <*script>
228          -t|--terse|--silent)

```

```

229             TERSE="-terse ";
230             shift ;
231     </script>

```

- other dash-options are erroneous (except -h, but...):

```

232     <*script>
233         -*)
234             usage;;
235     </script>

```

- there should only remain file names: we add those names to the list of files.

```

236     <*script>
237         *)
238             ## - list of input files
239             ## - we ensure that no extra option is given later...
240             TOOLATE="1";
241             if [ `dirname $1` = "." ]; then
242                 DOLLARONE=`basename $1 ${EXT}`;
243             else
244                 DOLLARONE=`dirname $1`/`basename $1 ${EXT}`;
245             fi
246             FILE="${FILE}${SPACE}${DOLLARONE}${EXT}";
247             if [ ${ALL} -eq 1 ]; then
248                 SPACE ",";
249             else
250                 SPACE=" ";
251             fi;
252             shift;;
253     </script>

```

That's all folks:

```

254 <*script>
255     esac
256 done
257 </script>

```

### 2.1.3 The core of the script

We first set the name of the result and intermediary files:

```

258 <*script>
259 FINALFILE=${OUTPUT};
260 if [ ! "$FINALFILE" ]; then
261     FINALFILE="bibexport.bib";
262 fi
263 TMPFILE="bibexp.`date +%s`";
264 </script>

```

We then create the .aux file for the main run of BibTeX. Note that this could call BibTeX, with the `expkeys bst` file, in the case where we want to export

all entries of a `.bib` file but not crossrefs. Note how, in that case, we trick BibTeX for inputting extra files twice: we include them with their short name first (with no extension), and then with the full name. We *need* to do that, since `string` abbreviations must be defined first, while crossrefs must occur after having been referenced.

```

265 <*script>
266 if [ -z "${EXT}" ]; then ## we export all entries
267     if [ -z "${EXTRA}" ]; then ## we have no extra files
268         cat > ${TMPFILE}.aux <<EOF
269 \citation{*}
270 \bibdata{$FILE}
271 \bibstyle{$BST}
272 EOF
273     else ## we have extra files (e.g. for crossrefs) but want all entries from ${FILE}
274         ## we first extract the keys to be used:
275         cat > ${TMPFILE}.aux <<EOF
276 \citation{*}
277 \bibdata{$FILE}
278 \bibstyle{expkeys}
279 EOF
280     ## This run may generate errors. We redirect the output:
281     bibtex -min-crossrefs=${CREF} -terse ${TMPFILE} >/dev/null 2>&1;
282     mv -f ${TMPFILE}.bb1 ${TMPFILE}.aux;
283     ## and then prepare the .aux file for exporting:
284     cat >> ${TMPFILE}.aux <<EOF
285 \bibdata{$EXTRA}${FILE}${EXTRABIB}
286 \bibstyle{$BST}
287 EOF
288     fi
289 else ## we only export entries listed in the given .aux file:
290     if [ ! "x${REPLACEBIB}" = "x1" ]; then
291         cat ${FILE} | sed -e "s/bibstyle{.*}/bibstyle{$BST}/" > ${TMPFILE}.aux;
292     else
293         cat ${FILE} | sed -e "s/bibstyle{.*}/bibstyle{$BST}/" \
294             -e "s/bibdata{.*}/bibdata{$EXTRA}${NEWBIB%,}${EXTRABIB}/" > ${TMPFILE}.aux;
295     fi
296 fi
297 />script>
```

This was the hard part. We now call BibTeX, clean and rename the output file, and remove intermediary files:

```

298 <*script>
299 if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
300     bibtex -min-crossrefs=${CREF} ${TERSE} ${TMPFILE};
301     if [ -e ${FINALFILE} ]; then
302         mv ${FINALFILE} ${FINALFILE}-save-'date "+%Y.%m.%d:%H.%M.%S"'
303     fi
304     echo "" > ${FINALFILE}
305 else
```

```

306     echo "bibtex -min-crossrefs=${CREF} ${TERSE} ${TMPFILE};"
307 fi
308 if [ ! "${BANNER}" = "false" ]; then
309     ## list of cited entries
310     if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
311         sed -i -e "s/\\\\\\bibstyle{.*}/\\\\\\bibstyle{expkeys}/" ${TMPFILE}.aux
312         mv ${TMPFILE}.aux ${TMPFILE}-cites.aux
313         bibtex -terse -min-crossrefs=${CREF} ${TMPFILE}-cites
314         echo -ne "@comment{generated using bibexport:\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
315         echo -ne " creation date:\t'date +\\"%c\"'\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
316         echo -ne " command:\t'basename $0' ${ARGS}\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
317         if [ -z "${EXT}" ]; then
318             echo -ne " source files:\t${FILETAB}\t${EXTRABIBTAB}\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
319             fi
320         cat ${TMPFILE}-cites.bbl >> ${FINALFILE};
321         echo -ne " bibexport-version:\tv${VERSION} (${VDATE})\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
322         echo -ne " bibexport-maintainer:\tmarkey(at)lsv.ens-cachan.fr\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
323         sed -i -e "s/}/)/g" ${FINALFILE};
324         echo -n -e "}\n\n" >> ${FINALFILE};
325         rm -f ${TMPFILE}-cites.bbl ${TMPFILE}-cites.aux ${TMPFILE}-cites.blg
326     fi
327 fi
328 if [ ${CREF} -ne 1 ]; then
329     if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
330         egrep -iv '^ *crossref *= *[^,]+,?$', \
331             ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};
332     else
333         echo "egrep -iv '^ *crossref *= *[^,]+,?$', ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE}";
334     fi
335 else
336     if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
337         cat ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};
338     else
339         echo "cat ${TMPFILE}.bb1 >> ${FINALFILE};"
340     fi
341 fi
342 if [ -z "$DEBUG" ]; then
343     rm -f ${TMPFILE}.bb1 ${TMPFILE}.aux ${TMPFILE}.blg;
344 else
345     echo "rm -f ${TMPFILE}.bb1 ${TMPFILE}.aux ${TMPFILE}.blg";
346 fi
347 
```

## 2.2 The `expkeys.bst` file

The only role of that file is to export the list of entries to be exported. It is used when we export all the entries of `.bib` files, except those of *extra* `.bib` files. Thus:

```

348 {*expkeys}
349 ENTRY{}{}{}
```

```

350 READ
351 FUNCTION{export.key}
352 {
353   "\citation{" cite$ "}" * * write$ newline$
354 }
355 ITERATE{export.key}
356 (/expkeys)

```

## 2.3 The **expcites.bst** file

This file is used for exporting and formating the list of \cited entries. We begin with some parameters defining the margins

### 2.3.1 Some configuration values

```

left.width
right.width 357 (*expcites)
url.right.width 358 FUNCTION{left.width}{#23}
left.short.width 359 FUNCTION{right.width}{#55}
right.short.width 360 FUNCTION{url.right.width}{#61}
left.delim 361 FUNCTION{left.short.width}{#10} %% for @preamble
right.delim 362 FUNCTION{right.long.width}{#63}
363 FUNCTION{left.delim}{quote$}
364 FUNCTION{right.delim}{quote$}
365 (/expcites)

```

### 2.3.2 Entries

We only want to export \cited keys, so we won't use any field.

```

ENTRY
366 (*expcites)
367 ENTRY{dummy}{}{}
368 (/expcites)

```

### 2.3.3 Basic functions

```

or
and 369 (*expcites)
not 370 FUNCTION{not}
371 {
372   {#0}
373   {#1}
374   if$
375 }
376 FUNCTION{and}
377 {
378   'skip$
379   {pop$ #0}

```

```

380   if$
381 }
382 FUNCTION{or}
383 {
384   {pop$ #1}
385   'skip$
386   if$
387 }
388 ⟨/expctes⟩

```

### 2.3.4 Splitting strings

We design functions for splitting strings, so that the final .bib file will be cleanly indented.

```

space.complete
split.string 389 (*expctes)
390 INTEGERS{left.length right.length}
391 STRINGS{ s t }
392 INTEGERS{bool}
393 FUNCTION{space.complete}
394 {
395   'left.length :=
396   duplicate$ text.length$ left.length swap$ -
397   {duplicate$ #0 >}
398   {
399     swap$ " " * swap$ #1 -
400   }
401   while$
402   pop$
403 }
404 FUNCTION{split.string}
405 {
406   'right.length :=
407   duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
408   {"}
409   {
410     's :=
411     right.length
412     {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #1 substring$ " " = not and}
413     {#1 -}
414     while$
415     duplicate$ #2 <
416     {
417       pop$ " " s * ""
418     }
419     {
420       duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
421       swap$
422       s swap$ global.max$ substring$"

```

```

423      }
424      if$
425    }
426    if$
427 }
428 (/expctes)

```

### 2.3.5 Exporting cited entries

Now we initialize, and export \cited entries.

```

init.cited.keys
write.cited.keys 429 {*expctes}
write.cited.keys.last 430 FUNCTION{init.cited.keys}
  cited.keys 431 {
    end.cited.keys 432   left.delim 's :=
      433   #0 'bool :=
      434 }
    435 FUNCTION{write.cited.keys}
    436 {
      437   bool
      438   {" left.width space.complete swap$}
      439   {" cited keys: " left.width space.complete swap$"
      440     #1 'bool :=}
      441   if$
      442   {duplicate$ text.length$ right.width >}
      443   {
        444     right.width split.string 't :=
        445     *
        446     write$ newline$
        447     "" left.width space.complete t
        448   }
      449   while$
      450   pop$ pop$ t
    451 }
  452 FUNCTION{write.cited.keys.last}
  453 {
    454   bool
    455   {" left.width space.complete swap$}
    456   {" cited keys: " left.width space.complete swap$"
    457     #1 'bool :=}
    458   if$
    459   {duplicate$ duplicate$ text.length$ #1 substring$ "," = not}
    460   {duplicate$ text.length$ #1 - #1 swap$ substring$}
    461   while$
    462   duplicate$ text.length$ #1 - #1 swap$ substring$
    463   right.delim *
    464   {duplicate$ "" = not}
    465   {
      466     right.width split.string 't :=

```

```

467      *
468      write$ newline$
469      "" left.width space.complete t
470    }
471  while$
472  pop$ pop$
473 }
474 FUNCTION{cited.keys}
475 {
476   s cite$ ", " * * 's :=
477   s text.length$ #4000 >
478     {s write.cited.keys 's :=}
479     'skip$
480   if$
481 }
482 FUNCTION{end.cited.keys}
483 {
484   s write.cited.keys.last
485 }
486 </expctes>
```

### 2.3.6 Now, we export...

We now export everything...

```

487 <*expctes>
488 FUNCTION{article}{cited.keys}
489 FUNCTION{book}{cited.keys}
490 FUNCTION{booklet}{cited.keys}
491 FUNCTION{conference}{cited.keys}
492 FUNCTION{habthesis}{cited.keys}
493 FUNCTION{inbook}{cited.keys}
494 FUNCTION{incollection}{cited.keys}
495 FUNCTION{inproceedings}{cited.keys}
496 FUNCTION{journals}{cited.keys}
497 FUNCTION{manual}{cited.keys}
498 FUNCTION{mastersthesis}{cited.keys}
499 FUNCTION{misc}{cited.keys}
500 FUNCTION{phdthesis}{cited.keys}
501 FUNCTION{proceedings}{cited.keys}
502 FUNCTION{techreport}{cited.keys}
503 FUNCTION{unpublished}{cited.keys}
504 READ
505 EXECUTE{init.cited.keys}
506 ITERATE{cited.keys}
507 EXECUTE{end.cited.keys}
508 </expctes>
```

## 2.4 The `export.bst` file

### 2.4.1 Some configuration values

```
left.width    We define here the indentation values, and the field delimiters. short width are
right.width   used for @preamble.

url.right.width 509 {*export}
left.short.width 510 FUNCTION{left.width}{#18}
right.short.width 511 FUNCTION{right.width}{#55}
left.delim      512 FUNCTION{url.right.width}{#61}
right.delim    513 FUNCTION{left.short.width}{#10} %% for @preamble
              514 FUNCTION{right.long.width}{#63}
              515 FUNCTION{left.delim}{"\"}
              516 FUNCTION{right.delim}{"\"}
              517 %FUNCTION{left.delim}{quote$}
              518 %FUNCTION{right.delim}{quote$}
519 </export>
```

### 2.4.2 Entries

We use standard entries here. Of course, more entries could be added for special .bib files. Those extra entries will also have to be added in the main exporting function.

```
ENTRY
520 {*export}
521 ENTRY{
522 % Standard fields:
523   address
524   author
525   booktitle
526   chapter
527   edition
528   editor
529   howpublished
530   institution
531   journal
532   key
533   month
534   note
535   number
536   organization
537   pages
538   publisher
539   school
540   series
541   title
542   type
543   volume
544   year
```

```

545 % Special (but still somewhat standard) fields (natbib, germbib, ...):
546   abstract
547   acronym
548   annote
549   biburl
550   doi
551   eid
552   isbn
553   issn
554   language
555   url
556   urn
557 }{}{}
558 </export>

```

### 2.4.3 Basic functions

No comment.

```

or
and 559 <*export>
not 560 FUNCTION{not}
561 {
562   {#0}
563   {#1}
564   if$
565 }
566 FUNCTION{and}
567 {
568   'skip$'
569   {pop$ #0}
570   if$
571 }
572 FUNCTION{or}
573 {
574   {pop$ #1}
575   'skip$'
576   if$
577 }
578 </export>

```

### 2.4.4 Splitting strings

We design functions for splitting strings, so that the final .bib file will be cleanly indented. This is also crucial to avoid long URLs.

```

space.complete
split.string 579 <*export>
split.url 580 INTEGERS{left.length right.length}
split.name 581 STRINGS{ s t }

```

```

582 FUNCTION{space.complete}
583 {
584   'left.length :=
585   duplicate$ text.length$ left.length swap$ -
586   {duplicate$ #0 >}
587   {
588     swap$ " " * swap$ #1 -
589   }
590   while$
591   pop$
592 }
593 FUNCTION{split.string}
594 {
595   'right.length :=
596   duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
597   {""}
598   {
599     's :=
600     right.length
601     {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #1 substring$ " " = not and}
602     {#1 -}
603     while$
604     duplicate$ #2 <
605     {
606       pop$ " " s * ""
607     }
608     {
609       duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
610       swap$#
611       s swap$ global.max$ substring$#
612     }
613     if$
614   }
615   if$
616 }
617 FUNCTION{split.url}
618 {
619   'right.length :=
620   duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
621   {""}
622   {
623     's :=
624     right.length
625     {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #1 substring$#
626       duplicate$ "/" = swap$#
627       duplicate$ "&" = swap$#
628       duplicate$ "?" = swap$#
629       duplicate$ "-" = swap$#
630       ":" = or or or or or not and}
631     {#1 -}

```

```

632     while$ 
633     duplicate$ #2 <
634     {
635         pop$ "    " s * ""
636     }
637     {
638         duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
639         swap$ #1 +
640         s swap$ global.max$ substring$
641     }
642     if$
643 }
644 if$
645 }
646 FUNCTION{split.name}
647 {
648     'right.length :=
649     duplicate$ right.length #1 + #1 substring$ "" =
650     {""}
651     {
652         's :=
653         right.length
654         {duplicate$ duplicate$ s swap$ #5 substring$ " and " = not and}
655         {#1 -}
656         while$ 
657         duplicate$ #2 <
658         {
659             pop$ "    " s * ""
660         }
661         {
662             #4 + duplicate$ s swap$ #1 swap$ substring$
663             swap$ 
664             s swap$ global.max$ substring$
665         }
666         if$
667     }
668     if$
669 }
670 
```

#### 2.4.5 Exporting fields

Here, we have four exporting functions, since we also have to deal with abbreviations:

```

field.export
abbrv.export 671 {*export}
name.export 672 FUNCTION{field.export}
url.export 673 {
674     duplicate$ missing$
```

```

675      'skip$ 
676      {
677          left.delim swap$ * right.delim *
678          swap$ 
679          " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
680          swap$ "," *
681          {duplicate$ "" = not}
682          {
683              right.width split.string 't :=
684              *
685              write$ newline$
686              "" left.width space.complete t
687          }
688          while$ 
689      }
690      if$ 
691      pop$ pop$ 
692 }
693 FUNCTION{abbrv.export}
694 {
695     duplicate$ missing$ 
696     'skip$ 
697     {
698         swap$ 
699         " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
700         swap$ "," *
701         {duplicate$ "" = not}
702         {
703             right.width split.string 't :=
704             *
705             write$ newline$ 
706             "" left.width space.complete t
707         }
708         while$ 
709     }
710     if$ 
711     pop$ pop$ 
712 }
713 FUNCTION{name.export}
714 {
715     duplicate$ missing$ 
716     'skip$ 
717     {
718         left.delim swap$ * right.delim *
719         swap$ 
720         " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
721         swap$ "," *
722         {duplicate$ "" = not}
723         {
724             right.width split.name 't :=

```

```

725      *
726      write$ newline$
727      "" left.width space.complete t
728      }
729      while$
730      }
731      if$
732      pop$ pop$
733  }
734 FUNCTION{url.export}
735 {
736      duplicate$ missing$
737      'skip$'
738      {
739          left.delim swap$ * right.delim *
740          swap$"
741          " " swap$ * " = " * left.width space.complete
742          swap$ ","
743          {duplicate$ "" = not}
744          {
745              url.right.width split.url 't :=
746              *
747              write$ newline$
748              "" left.width space.complete t
749          }
750          while$
751      }
752      if$
753      pop$ pop$
754  }
755 </export>

```

#### 2.4.6 Handling abbreviations

Abbreviations are difficult to deal with if we wish to still use them, since BibTeX will expand them before we can do anything. All we can do is to define them in a special way, in order to be able to get back to the abbreviations later on. This is precisely what we do:

```

jan-dec
acmcs-tcs 756 (*export)
remove.exports.from.months 757 MACRO{jан}{"export-jan"}
remove.export.from.journal 758 MACRO{feb}{"export-feb"}
759 MACRO{mar}{"export-mar"}
760 MACRO{apr}{"export-apr"}
761 MACRO{may}{"export-may"}
762 MACRO{jun} {"export-jun"}
763 MACRO{ jul} {"export-jul"}
764 MACRO{ aug} {"export-aug"}
765 MACRO{ sep} {"export-sep"}

```

```

766 MACRO{oct}{"export-oct"}
767 MACRO{nov}{"export-nov"}
768 MACRO{dec} {"export-dec"}
769 MACRO{acmcs} {"export-acmcs"}
770 MACRO{acta} {"export-acta"}
771 MACRO{cacm} {"export-cacm"}
772 MACRO{ibmjrd} {"export-ibmjrd"}
773 MACRO{ibmsj} {"export-ibmsj"}
774 MACRO{ieeese} {"export-ieeese"}
775 MACRO{ieeetc} {"export-ieeeetc"}
776 MACRO{ieeetcad} {"export-ieeetcad"}
777 MACRO{ipl} {"export-ipl"}
778 MACRO{jacm} {"export-jacm"}
779 MACRO{jcss} {"export-jcss"}
780 MACRO{scp} {"export-scp"}
781 MACRO{sicomp} {"export-sicomp"}
782 MACRO{tocs} {"export-tocs"}
783 MACRO{tods} {"export-tods"}
784 MACRO{tog} {"export-tog"}
785 MACRO{toms} {"export-toms"}
786 MACRO{toois} {"export-poois"}
787 MACRO{toplas} {"export-toplas"}
788 MACRO{tcs} {"export-tcs"}
789 INTEGERS{ intxt }
790 FUNCTION{remove.exports.from.months}
791 {
792   #0 'intxt :=
793   duplicate$ missing$
794   'skip$
795   {'t :=
796   ""
797   {t #1 #1 substring$ "" = not}
798   {
799     t #1 #7 substring$ "export-" =
800     {intxt
801       {right.delim * #0 'intxt :=}
802       'skip$
803       if$
804       duplicate$ "" =
805       'skip$
806       {" # " *}
807       if$
808       t #8 #3 substring$ *
809       t #11 global.max$ substring$ 't :=}
810     {intxt
811       'skip$
812       {duplicate$ "" =
813         {}
814         {" # " *}
815       if$
```

```

816         left.delim * #1 'intxt :=}
817         if$
818         t #1 #1 substring$ *
819         t #2 global.max$ substring$ 't :=}
820         if$
821         }
822     while$
823     intxt
824     {right.delim *}
825     'skip$
826     if$
827     }
828     if$
829 }
830 FUNCTION{remove.export.from.journals}
831 {
832   duplicate$ missing$
833   'skip$
834   {
835     duplicate$ #1 #7 substring$ "export-" =
836     {#8 global.max$ substring$}
837     {left.delim swap$
838     right.delim * *}
839     if$
840   }
841   if$
842 }
843 </export>

```

#### 2.4.7 Now, we export...

We gather everything. This is were special fields must be added for being exported:

```

entry.export.standard
entry.export.extra 844 <*export>
entry.export 845 FUNCTION{entry.export.standard}
  export 846 {
    847   "address" address field.export
    848   "author" author name.export
    849   "booktitle" booktitle field.export
    850   "chapter" chapter field.export
    851   "crossref" crossref field.export
    852   "edition" edition field.export
    853   "editor" editor name.export
    854   "howpublished" howpublished field.export
    855   "institution" institution field.export
    856   "journal" journal remove.export.from.journals abbrv.export
    857   "key" key field.export
    858   "month" month remove.exports.from.months abbrv.export
    859   "note" note field.export

```

```

860 "number" number field.export
861 "organization" organization field.export
862 "pages" pages field.export
863 "publisher" publisher field.export
864 "school" school field.export
865 "series" series field.export
866 "type" type field.export
867 "title" title field.export
868 "volume" volume field.export
869 "year" year field.export
870 }
871 FUNCTION{entry.export.extra}
872 {
873   "abstract" abstract field.export
874   "acronym" acronym field.export
875   "annote" annote field.export
876   "biburl" biburl url.export
877   "doi" doi field.export
878   "eid" eid field.export
879   "isbn" isbn field.export
880   "issn" issn field.export
881   "language" language field.export
882   "url" url url.export
883   "urn" urn url.export
884 }
885 FUNCTION{entry.export}
886 {
887   entry.export.standard
888   entry.export.extra
889 }
890 FUNCTION{export}
891 {
892   "@" type$ * "{" * cite$ * "," * write$ newline$
893   entry.export
894   "}" write$ newline$ newline$
895 }
896 </export>

```

#### 2.4.8 Miscellanea

We also have to handle preamble, and to define functions for each entry type (we won't use them but otherwise, BibTeX would complain).

```

preamble
  header 897 <*export>
entries.headers 898 FUNCTION{preamble}
article-unpublished 899 {
  900 preamble$ duplicate$ "" =
  901   'pop$
  902   {

```

```

903      ",-----." write$ newline$
904      "| PREAMBLE |" write$ newline$
905      "-----'" write$ newline$ newline$ 
906      "@preamble{ " swap$ 
907      quote$ swap$ * quote$ * 
908      {duplicate$ "" = not}
909      {
910          right.long.width split.string 't := 
911          *
912          write$ newline$ 
913          "" left.short.width space.complete t
914      }
915      while$ 
916      "}" write$ newline$ newline$ 
917      pop$ pop$ 
918  } 
919 if$ 
920 } 
921 FUNCTION{header}
922 {
923 %"** This file has been automatically generated by bibexport **"
924 %write$ newline$ 
925 %"** See http://www.lsv.ens-cachan.fr/~markey/bibla.php      **"
926 %write$ newline$ 
927 %"** for more informations about bibexport.                      **"
928 %write$ newline$ 
929 newline$ 
930 } 
931 FUNCTION{entries.header}
932 {
933 preamble$ "" = 
934 'skip$ 
935 {
936     ",-----." write$ newline$ 
937     "| BIBTEX ENTRIES |" write$ newline$ 
938     "-----'" write$ newline$ newline$ 
939 } 
940 if$ 
941 } 
942 FUNCTION{article}{export}
943 FUNCTION{book}{export}
944 FUNCTION{booklet}{export}
945 FUNCTION{conference}{export}
946 FUNCTION{habthesis}{export}
947 FUNCTION{inbook}{export}
948 FUNCTION{incollection}{export}
949 FUNCTION{inproceedings}{export}
950 FUNCTION{journals}{export}
951 FUNCTION{manual}{export}
952 FUNCTION{mastersthesis}{export}

```

```
953 FUNCTION{misc}{export}
954 FUNCTION{phdthesis}{export}
955 FUNCTION{proceedings}{export}
956 FUNCTION{techreport}{export}
957 FUNCTION{unpublished}{export}
958 </export>
```

#### 2.4.9 Main program

We now can execute and iterate those functions:

```
959 <*export>
960 READ
961 EXECUTE{header}
962 EXECUTE{preamble}
963 EXECUTE{entries.header}
964 ITERATE{export}
965 </export>
```